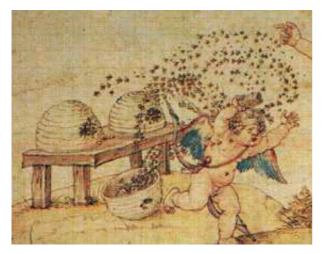
Bee Venom: Composition, Health, Medicine: A Review

Stefan Bogdanov



Eros, stung by a bee, ran away and cried for plea: Venus, mother, I cry, please help me or I'll die What a terrible disgrace – a dragon bit me on my face Venus comforting her son Speaking with a mocking fun -The little bee's tiny sting Is for you an earnest thing But more painful and real hard are your stings in human's heart

Anacreontean songs, 6 BC

Venus, Eros and the bees, by A. Dürer, 1514

It was difficult for Eros to bear the bee stings which like his arrows and both painful and healing....

Already in the early ancient civilizations know about the healing found virtues in the painful bee stings. Bee stings are probably one of the first natural cure for arthritis. In the ancient civilization of China, India, Egypt, Babylon and Greece bee venom was used for apitherapy⁹¹. Whether the humans began keeping bees because of the healing effects of their stings or to get honey, or for both reasons, we do not know.

You can find information on the production, collection, quality and application forms in the illustrated online Bee Venom Books at <u>www.bee-hexagon.net</u>

PROPERTIES AND COMPOSITION

COMPOSITION

Bee venom is a complex mixture of proteins, peptides and low molecular components. Nowadays its components have been characterised. The main components are proteins and peptides. The composition of dry BV is given in the table below. The composition of fresh and dried BV differs mainly in regards to the volatile components; the overall biological activity is similar.

Proteins (Enzymes)

The enzymes are proteins catalyzing specific reactions. There are 5 enzymes in BV.

Polypeptides

Polypeptides are smaller in molecular weight than enzymes, made of 2 or more amino acids. BV has numerous polypeptides (see table 1), the main one being melittin, which is also the main component of BV. Melittin has a MW of 2840 daltons but it can reach 12 500 daltons because it can be also in a tetrameric form²⁵⁻²⁷

The protein and the melittin electrophoretic patterns are typical of the honeybee species⁵⁰.

To the left: the structure of melittin (source: Wikipedia)

Low molecular compounds

BV contains smaller quantities of low molecular compounds are different in nature: amino acids, catecholamines, sugars and minerals. Sugars have been identified in some BV preparations, but if BV is collected with a collector preventing the contamination by pollen and nectar, it does not contain carbohydrates⁸⁶.

Substance Group	Component	% of dry weight
Proteins (Enzymes)	Phospholipase A2	10-12
	Phospholipase B	1
	Hyaluronidase	1-2
	Phosphatase	1
	α - Glucosidase	0.6
Peptides	Melittin	40-50
	Apamine	2-3
	MCD peptide	2-3
	Secapine	0.5-2
	Pamine	1-3
	Minimine	2
	Adolapine	0.5-1
	Procamine A, B	1-2
	Protease inhibitor	0.1-0.8
	Tertiapine, cardiopep, melittin F	1-2
Phospholipids		1-3
Biogenic amines	Histamine	0.5-2
C	Dopamine	0.2-1
	Noradrenalin	0.1-0.5
Amino acids	Aminobutyric acid, α -amino acids	1
Sugars	Glucose, fructose	2-4
Volatiles (pheromones)	Complex ethers	4-8
Minerals	P, Ca, Mg	3-4

Table 1: Composition of bee venom dry matter, after ^{6, 19, 86, 91}

THE PAINFUL HEALING STINGS: BEE VENOM IN HUMAN HISTORY

Whether the humans began keeping bees because of the healing effects of their stings or to get honey, or for both reasons, we do not know. Already in the early ancient civilizations know about the healing found virtues in the painful bee stings. Bee stings are probably one of the first natural cure for arthritis. In the ancient civilization of China, India, Egypt, Babylon and Greece bee venom was used for apitherapy⁹¹.

In Huangdi Neijing, an ancient Chinese medical book, around 500 BC, bee sting therapy was mentioned ¹².

Around 300 BC Aristoteles, referred to the stinging apparatus of bees and the powerful properties of bee venom (BV) in his book *Historia animalia*⁹¹. The ancient Greek doctor Hippocrates used bee venom for therapeutic purposes. He described it as *Arcanum*, a mysterious substance whose curative properties he did not quite understand. In 14 BC Pliny the elder described BV use in his Natural history Galen (130–200 AD) prescribed the use of honey and bee venom as a cure for baldness³³ It is documented that Charlemagne (742-814) received bee stings for therapy against gout, while Monfat (1566-1634) prescribed bee stings to improve the flow of urine and against kidney stones after ¹⁵.

In 1609 C. Butler mentioned the sting organ of bees in his book Feminine Monarchie. In 1672 Jan Swammerdam provided a thorough description of bees' venom apparatus. In 1834 L. Dufour described the venom gland, which was later found out to contain an alkaline solution, thence known as the alkaline or Dufour's gland after. In 1737 Samuel Dave in his Pharmacologia recommended Apis for baldness and as a good diuretic. In 1858 the French medical doctor de Marti began to use bee stings for treatment of several diseases. In 1858 C.W.Wolf a prominent homeopathic physician of Berlin edited his book *Apis Mellifica or the poison of the honey bee considered as a therapeutic agent*. In 1868 the Russians Lokumski and Lubarski published a work named "Bee venom, a remedy".^{7,91}

The modern use of BV in apitherapy was initiated through the efforts of Austrian physician Philip Terc in his published results "Report about a Peculiar Connection between the Bee Stings and Rheumatism" in 1888⁸⁹.

After the first world war Bodog Beck brought BV apitherapy to the US and published a book on BV therapy in 1935, mainly against rheumatoid arthritis. In Europe the first commercial bee venom preparation was released in 1928⁷. Charles Mraz, a student of Beck, popularised BV therapy in the USA⁶⁴.

BIOLOGICAL ACTION OF BEE VENOM

Table 2: Beneficial effects of whole bee venom in animal and cell experiments

Overall effect or target	Specific effects	Refere
Overall effect or target	Specific effects	nce
Anti-inflammatory and anti-arthritis action	glucocorticoid-and aspirin like effects.	4, 51, 59, 86, 87, 91
Anti-cancer effects Affects the central and peripheral nervous system (CNS, PNS)	 Antitumor effects on ovary, hepatoma, prostate, bladder, melanoma and renal cancers cells by different mechanisms of action depending on the tumor type Stimulates many peripheral chemoreceptors, affecting flow to the CNS Has cholinolytic action (against acetylcholine) Blocks transmission of the vegetative synapse and the polysynaptic neuronal paths Pain-soothing aspirin-like action Management of chronic and inflammation pain 	4, 51, 59, 72, 86, 87, 91 4, 40-42, 51, 57, 59, 86, 87, 91, 97
	 Influence of brain EEG and behaviour patterns Increases brain blood circulation Anti-MS effect in rat models Against oxaliplatin-induced neuropathy 	
Anti-addictive effects	BV acupuncture may modulate methamphetamine- induced hyperactivity	48
Heart and blood system	 Increases coronary and peripheral blood circulation, improves the blood microcirculation of Slows down heart at lower doses and stimulates it at higher ones, lowers blood pressure, antiarhythmic Against blood coagulation fibrinolytic, stimulates the building of erythrocytes 	4, 51, 59, 86, 87, 91
Anticancer	In renal, lung, liver, prostate, bladder melanoma, osteosarcoma, and leukaemia cancer cells	71, 73, 87
Action on the immune system	Immunosuppressive and immunoactivating	4, 51, 59, 86, 87, 91
Protection from radiation	Improves regeneration of leucocytes and erythrocytes	4, 51, 59, 86, 87, 91
Antibiotic fungicide and antiviral action Antihyperthermic	Bactericide action against different pathogens Action against <i>Candida albicans</i> , and inactivation of Herpes, Leukaemia and HIV viruses Activates specific body systems to overcome	3, 9, 21, 59, 91, 94 51, 59, 86
Gall bladder-intestine system	hyperthermia Increases fall flow and cholesterine and bilirubin	59
Endocrinological system	concentrations Increases secretion of thyroid, hypophysis and of the	4, 59
Metabolic effects Liver protecting	hypothalamus hormones Increases protein and nucleotide metabolism Potent suppressive effect on anti-apoptotic responses of	59 74
Growth increasing Reno protecting	TNF-alpha/Act D-treated hepatocytes Increase of growth of chicken broilers As tested in artificially induced nephrotoxicity in mice	28 45
Against the Lyme disease Immunoprophylactic	Melittin inhibitis <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> . BV Spray reduces antiobiotic use in broilers	58 38
Wound healing Against polycystic ovarian syndrome	Promotes skin cell regeneration Decreases the C-reactive protein	30 43
Anti-diabetic Against skin itching	Lowers blood glucose and increases insulin secretion Inhibits the mast cell degranulation and	63 47
	proinflammatory cytokine expression	

Table 3: Main biological and therapeutic effects of bee venom and its components, after 4, 37, 59, 86, 87, 91

Fonts in red: potentially toxic effects

Componenent, % of total	Effect	Tox. mg/kg
Melittin Biologically active peptide 50-55 %	Main biologically active componentMembrane-active, diminishes surface tension of membranesAnti-inflammatory in very small doses; Stimulates smooth muscles;Increases capillary permeability increasing blood circulation and lowering the bloodpressure, lowers blood coagulation, immunostimulatory and immunosuppressive,Radiation protective, influences the central nervous system,Anticancer, antibacterial, antifungal, antiviralHigher doses are inflammatory and haemolytic	4
Phospholipase A Enzyme hydrolysing phospholipids 10-12 %	Destroys phospholipids and dissolves the cell membrane of blood bodies; lowers the blood coagulation and blood pressure, prevents neuronal cell death caused by prion peptides Induces inflammation, the strongest allergen and thus the most harmful BV component	7.5
Phospholipase B cleavage of the toxic lysolecetin 1 %	Detoxicating activity	
Hyaluronidase Catalyses hydrolysis of hyoloronic acid, the tissue cement	Catalyses the hydrolysis of proteins, thus enabling the penetrating of BV into the tissue; dilates blood vessels and increases their permeability, causing an increase of blood circulation; allergenic	0
1-2 % Apamine Biologically active peptide 2-3 %	Anti-inflammatory stimulating the release of cortisone, antiserotonine action Increases the defence capability Immuno-supressor, stimulates the central nervous system in very small doses Higher doses are neurotoxic	4
MCD, mast cell degranulating- peptide 401	Lyses mast cells, releasing histamine, serotonine and heparine Melittin-like effect increasing capillary permeability increasing Anti-inflammatory simulates the central nervous system	40
2-3 % Adolapin Biologically active peptide 1 %	Inhibits the specific brain enzymes cyclooxigenase and lipooxigenase Decreases inflammations by, anti-rheumatic, decreases pain, antipyretic Inhibits the aggregation of erythrocytes Has relatively low toxicity	
Protease-Inhibitors Biologically active peptides 3-4 %	Inhibits the activity of different proteases like trypsin, chymotprypsin, plasmin, thrombin, thus decreasing inflammation, anti-rheumatic Low toxicity	
Secapin, tertiapin, cardiopep, minimin, procamine 3-5 %	Peptides, with an uncertain role in the physiological action of BV Antiradiation effects cardiopep has antiarhythmic effects	
Histamine Neurotransmitter 0.7-1.5 %	Dilates blood vessels, increasing the permeability of blood capillaries and increases blood circulation; Stimulates smooth muscles; Allergenic	192- 445
Dopamine, Noradrenaline Neurotransmitters 0.2-1.5 %	The low concentrations in BV do not cause physiological effects in mammals, but active when injected in invertebrates	
Alarm pheromones 4-8 %	Complex ethers, causing alarm of the bee colony and its defensive behaviour	

* - only effects, not caused by the BV components, The toxicity "Tox" is measured in rat experiments

Of all bee products bee venom (BV) produces by far the greatest number of biological effects. BV is the bee product, with the highest recognition in modern medicine, many of its components being also used in experimental pharmacology¹⁰.

Biological effects of bee venom components

The main biological effects of bee venom components are summarised in the table below. The effects of the different components are numerous and partly also opposing.

Melittin is the main BV component with many positive biological effects and a relatively low toxicity. The MCD peptide and phospholipase A are the two most toxic components. In order to achieve definite biological effects, individual bee venom components can be used. Some of them are commercially available: www.bachem.com, http://melittinspray.com

MEDICAL APPLICATIONS

Disease type	Application, details	Reference
Arthritis	Both osteoarthritis and rheumatic arthritis	51, 59, 86, 87, 91
	Rheumatic arthritis being more susceptible to BVT	
Against frozen shoulder	BV acupuncture	49, 93
Diseases of the central and	Multiple sclerosis	51, 52, 59, 81, 84, 85
peripheral nervous system	• Dementia	
(CNS, PNS)	Post stroke paralysis	
	• Polyneuritis	
	Ganglion nerve inflammation	
	• Cerebellar ataxy (muscular disfunction)	
	• Syringomyelia (pain of extremeties, headache)	
	Inflammation of facial nerve	
	• Myopathy (neuromuscular disease)	
	Trigeminal neuralgia	
	Posttraumatic inflammation of plexus nerve	
	Inflammation of arachnoid CNS membrane	
	• Parkinson	
	Against lower back pain	
Heart and blood system	Hypertension	51, 52, 59, 81
	Arteriosclerosis	
	• Endarteritis (chronic inflammation of the inner layer of arteries)	
	Angina pectoris	
	Arrhythmia	
Skin diseases	Eczema, dermatitis, psoriasis	32, 51, 52, 59, 81
	• Furunculosis (recurring boil)	
	Healing of cicatrices	
	• Baldness	
Other disease	Opthamology	51, 52, 59, 75, 81
	Gastroentorology: colitis, ulcers,	
	• Pulmonology: asthma, bronchitis,	
	Otorinolaringology: pharingytis, tonsillitis, ear nerve neuritis	
	Endocrinology	
	Urology, gynecology	
	• Cancer	

Table 4: Apitherapy with bee venom

Assuming that arthritis is very old human disease and that Homo sapiens has probably found relief after bee stings, bee stinging is probably the first apitherapy received by humans.

The father of modern Apitherapy the Austrian doctor Philip Terc had rheumatism and cured himself by bee stings. Terc hypothesised that the stronger the rheumatism form, the stronger the BV doses should be. He distinguishes three phases of healing: In the first phase the patient develops a pathological immunity with very weak reaction to bee stinging. In the second he is as sensitive to BV as normal people, with the development of a local painful reaction. In this phase healing begins. In the third phase healing is completed. Terc treats his patients with 1 to 50 bees per session. He reports on the treatment of 660 patients. 544 recovered fully, 99 improved and in the remaining 17 the treatment was not successful.

Bodock Beck described modern BV therapy (mostly against arthritis) in his pioneering book carrying the same name, published in 1935⁷, available for sale in Amazon as a 1997 pocket book. An extensive Russian monograph by Krylov from 1995⁵¹ and a 2012 review by Ali¹ summerise the medical applications of BV.

Arthritis

There two types of arthritis: **Rheumatoid Arthritis or Polyarthritis** (RA) and *Osteoarthritis* (OA). *Rheumatoid arthritis or Polyarthritis* (RA) s a chronic, systemic inflammatory disorder that may affect many tissues and organs, but principally attacks the joints producing an inflammatory synovitis that often progresses to destruction of the articular cartilage and ankylosis of the joints. About 1% of the world's population is afflicted by rheumatoid arthritis, women three times more often than men.

The mechanism of action of BV in treating arthritis is clarified:

- BV blocks the building of the pro inflammarory substances *cytokinine*, PGE-2, NO, Tumor Necrosis Factor TNF-2 and Enzyme COX-2
- BV inhibits the proliferation of rheumatoid synovial cells

Osteoarthritis (OA) is the disease process by which joints wear out. As the joint surface wears away it sheds wear particles which stimulate the joint lining to produce fluid, causing the knee to swell. When the articular cartilage wears through, the underlying bone becomes exposed. The exposed bone rubs against exposed bone when walking and this causes pain - often described as a toothache type pain. It is a common disease in adults with a prevalence of about 0.5 %.

There is a very large information data base on the use of BV in OE and RA. Different BV treatments have been used: bee stings (BS), api puncture (AP), injections, electrophoresis and phonophoresis (application with ultrasound waves), the success rates are generally good, lying generally between 60 and 90 % ^{51, 59, 86, 87, 91}. During the last 10 year AP has been developed as a new technique for treating arthritis, and is used now most of all in South Korea.

BV does not seem to influence rheumatoid deformation, as shown by patients X-rays, but it acts by controlling pain and inflammation⁵².

A review of Lee et al. examined the use of AP in muskoskeletal pain. BV was used in the treatment of different pain conditions: Neck pain,low back pain,herniated lumbar pain, disc pain, shoulder pain after stroke, acute ankle sprain, wrist sprain, rheumatoid arthritis and knee osteoarthritis. BS and AP therapy was useful in all these conditions. AP relieves pain more effectively than acupuncture. However there are no studies comparing stinging in acupuncture points with BV stinging in other body points⁵⁴

Son reviewed clinical trials of the use of BV for the treatment of arthritis by BS and AP, mostly carried out in South Korea. Both RA and OA can be successfully treated.

The success rates in different clinical trials of BV applied as stings, BV injections or apipuncture against RA ranges between 60 and 80 % ^{22, 52, 54, 87}. BV apipuncture is as effective as cortisol treatment or RA as tested in arthritic rats³⁹

Ludyansky has reviewed the vast experience in Russian hospitals and general practitioners, as well as his own experience, in treating arthritis. According to him the action of BV is better against RA than against OE.

Summarising all studies it can be concluded that BV can be used for the treatment of both types of arthritis, but RA seems to be more susceptible to BV.

Why BG is better than the hormone therapy against rheumatic pain?

Many researchers attribute the success of bee venom therapy to the activation of main hormone systems of the body: thyroid, pituitary gland, the hypothalamus and the adrenal gland. Hormone therapy, for example cortisone, ACTH hormone, are also applied against rheumatic pain. However,

hormone therapy causes with time of use unfavorable side effects such as the reduction in the activity of this vital hormone glands, while the BV constantly activates the activity of hormonal systems.

BV against diseases of the nervous system

Due to its different effects on the central and peripheral nervous system BV is also used for the treatment of different heart conditions. There are reports on the use of different degenerative diseases of the nervous system have been published, such as Multiple Sclerosis (MS), Alzheimer and Parkinson.

Glutamate is the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system (CNS). Changes in glutamate release and uptake due to alterations in the activity of glutamate transporters have been reported in many neurodegenerative diseases, including Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. To assess if BV can prevent glutamate-mediated neurotoxicity, we examined cell viability and signal transduction in glutamate-treated neuronal and microglial cells in the presence and absence of BV. We induced glutamatergic toxicity in neuronal cells and microglial cells and found that BV protected against cell death. Furthermore, BV significantly inhibited the cellular toxicity of glutamate, and pretreatment with BV altered MAP kinase activation (e.g., JNK, ERK, and p38) following exposure to glutamate. These findings suggest that treatment with BV may be helpful in reducing glutamatergic cell toxicity in neurodegenerative diseases⁵⁶

MS

The treatment of MS has raised attention in the recent years. The biggest study has been carried out by Ludyanski who report a very good or good improvement of 175 out of 210 cases (improvement rate was 83 %). Two studies, by Hauser et al. and by Castro et al. report improvement rates between 50 to 60 % ^{11, 31}. A recent study by showed no significant effect of BV against MS, but the authors did not follow the protocol suggested by BV specialists⁹². There is molecular basis for the action of BV for this action. Evidence of specific biologic effects of the BV component apamin in brain, that might be linked to MS, has been shown ^{24, 78, 88}. Individual reports on positive effects in dementia and Alzheimer have been reported by Ludyanski¹⁵ Specific brain effects of BV in Alzheimer patients have been elucidated³⁵.

Multiple sclerosis (MS) is a chronic inflammatory disease of the central nervous system that leads to substantial disability through deficits of sensation and of motor, autonomic, and neuro-cognitive function. Many clinical and pathological features of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) show close similarity to MS. Bee venom (BV) has been used in the practice of oriental medicine and evidence from the literature indicates that BV plays an anti-inflammatory or anti-nociceptive role against inflammatory reactions associated with arthritis and other inflammatory diseases. The purpose of the present study was to determine whether BV could suppress immune cell differentiation and infiltration into spinal cord on EAE mice commonly used as a model for MS. BV treatment increased the population of

CD4(+)CD25(+)Foxp3(+) T cells and inhibited CD4(+) T-cell proliferation in vitro. In vivo, BV treatment increased the population of CD4(+)CD25(+)Foxp3(+) T cells. Furthermore, BV administration reduced the severity of EAE while concurrently decreasing INF-gamma producing CD4(+) T cells, IL-17A producing CD4(+) T cells and inflammatory cytokine production including INF-gamma, IL-17A, TNF and IL-6. BV-treated animals exhibited less infiltration and preserved morphology compared to saline-treated animals. Interestingly, the therapeutic effects of BV on EAE disappeared when CD4(+)CD25(+)Foxp3(+) T cells were depleted by using anti-CD25 antibody. Our research suggests that BV could be a potential therapeutic agent for anti-inflammatory effects in an animal model of EAE⁵³

	Patient number	Improvement as a whole	Demyelination stop	Remyelination
Primary progressive	24	66 %	36 %	29 %
Secondary	53	84 %	80 %	72 %
progressive				
Relapsing	36	91 %	85 %	83 %

Table 5: The experience of Krivopalov against MS 52

The above table summarises the experience on 113 patients in the Russian MS centre in Chelabinsk.

Parkinson

Bee venom reduces neuroinflammation in the MPTP-Induced Model of Parkinson's Disease in mice⁴⁶ and protects SH-SY5Y human neuroblastoma cells from 1-methyl-4-phenylpyridinium-induced apoptotic cell death¹⁸ The BV-peptide Apamin has a neuro protective effect and can affect positively Parkinson. This was tested in animal models¹⁷. In Russia BV is successfully used in Parkinson's patients. After the Russian apitherapy school BV reduces the Parkinson symptoms. This effect is due to the positive biological effect of BV on the brain: the blood supply and the supply of dopamine in the brain is improved, it increases the brain blood vessels and reduces blood coagulation.

The Michael Fox Parkinson Foundation supports clinical research on the use of BG against Parkinson at the Pitie-Salpetriere hospital in Paris. On the basis of the clinical research an patient for the application using the injection of Apamin against Parkinson was submitted in January 2011 (Patent application number: 20110009330 from 01/13/2011). However in mice model experiments apamin reproduced these protective effects only partially, suggesting that other components of bee venom enhance the protective action of the peptide²

A study was conducted the effectiveness of both acupuncture and bee venom acupuncture as adjuvant therapies for idiopathic Parkinson's disease of 43 adults with idiopathic Parkinson's disease who had been on a stable dose of antiparkinsonian medication for at least 1 month. They were randomly assigned to 1 of 3 groups: acupuncture, bee venom acupuncture, or control. All participants were assessed using the Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale, the Parkinson's Disease Quality of Life Questionnaire, the Beck Depression Inventory, the Berg Balance Scale, and the time and number of steps required to walk 30 m. Treatment groups underwent stimulation of 10 acupuncture points using acupuncture or bee venom acupuncture twice a week for 8 weeks. The initial assessment was repeated at the completion of treatment. The control group did not receive any treatment. Participants in the bee venom acupuncture group showed significant improvement on the Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (total score, as well as parts II and III individually), the Berg Balance Scale, and the 30 m walking time. When compared to the control group, the bee venom acupuncture group experienced significantly greater improvement on the Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale. In the acupuncture group, the Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (part III and total scores) and the Beck Depression Inventory showed significant improvement. The control group showed no significant changes in any outcome after 8 weeks. In this pilot study, both acupuncture and bee venom acupuncture showed promising results as adjuvant therapies for Parkinson's disease¹³

A neuroprotective effects of bee venom phospholipase 2 is postulated by suppression of neuroinflammatory responses in mouse model of Parkinson's disease¹⁴. Bee venom acupuncture had a neuroprotective effect in a mouse model of Parkinson⁹⁵

Alzheimer

Several behavioral and electrophysiological studies indicate that small conductance calcium-activated potassium channels-blockade by apamin may enhance neuron excitability, synaptic plasticity, and long-term potentiation in the CA1 hippocampal region, and, for that reason, apamin has been proposed as a therapeutic agent in Alzheimer's disease treatment^{8, 36, 79}. A method for early diagnosis of Alzheimer with the help of apamin has been patented (US Patent documents 5580748; 5705401; 5778893 from 1999).

Individual reports on positive effects in dementia and Alzheimer have been reported by Ludyanski¹⁵ Specific brain effects of BV in Alzheimer patients have been elucidated³⁵.

Against lower back pain

BV acupuncture was successfully against chronical back pain in two clinical trials ^{84, 85}

Against cancer

Strengthening the immune system by BV

BV acts against different types of cancer in cell and animal experiments (see table 2 and ⁷¹). However there was no difference between the cancer incidence of normal humans and beekeepers⁶² It seems that melittin, a powerful anticancer peptide might be the better choice than whole BV. On the other hand bee venom acupuncture and melittin were used to control neuropathy caused by cancer chemotherapy, ^{73, 75}

A bee venom peptide lasioglossin II exhibits cytotoxic activity against various cancer cells in vitro⁵

BV against cancer

BV acts against different types of cancer in cell and animal experiments (see table 1).

A 2012 review by Orsolic with 183 original references shows that BV and its components is a promising agent against cancer, however in most cases it has been tested in cells and animals tissue, thus clinical studies are needed The antitumor action seems to be due to the synergetic effect of melittin and phospholipase A2⁷²

It seems that melittin, a powerful anticancer peptide might be the better choice than whole BV. BV acupuncture and melittin were used to control neuropathy caused by cancer chemotherapy.^{73, 75}

However BV does not seem to have a cancer preventing effect as there was no difference between the cancer incidence of normal humans and beekeepers

Against HIV

Although melittin destroys the infectivity of HIV particles, the utility of this toxin is limited by its nonspecific cytotoxic effects: melittin kills cells by disrupting membrane structure and function. If administered directly to humans, melittin would kill any cell it encounters, causing widespread tissue damage. Therefore, researchers developped a method to deliver melittin by nano-particles so that it comes into contact with HIV particles, but not human cells³⁴

Skin and eye diseases

Bee venom use against skin diseases has a long tradition and has been used since the beginning of the 20th century. Following skin diseases have been successfully treated eczemas like dermatitis, psoriasis, furunculosis (recurring boil), for the healing of cicatrices and against baldness.

For skin application BV is applied in the form of creams and ointments and also in electrophoresis.

Interestingly enough BV has been used also in ophthalmology. Especially, it has been used for the treatment of acute and chronic rheumatic iritis and neuritis of the eye nerve. Aqueous BV solutions are used as drops and injections.

Therapeutic index

As other highly effective drugs, bee venom, too, has various side effects. Often the therapeutic and the toxic effects lie closely together. Individual BV components show toxic effects when their concentration is 20-50 times greater than the therapeutic dose, while whole bee venom is toxic when its therapeutic dose is exceeded by 200-500 times⁸⁶. In conclusion, for general therapeutical purposes BV is safer to use, while for specific medical applications BV components seem to be preferable (see table 2

Bee venom in homeopathy

Bee and bee venom have been used as homeopathy remedies since Hahnemann (ca. 1800). In 1858 C.W.Wolf a prominent homeopathic physician of Berlin edited his book *Apis Mellifica or the poison of the honey bee considered as a therapeutic agent*. The principle of Apis application was reviewed in 1880 by Goullon²³ In homeopathical preparations whole bees are generally used in different potencies, both lower D and higher C potencies.

The Gale encyclopedia of alternative medicine, <u>online</u> see¹⁶ states:

"Homeopathic medicine operates on the principle that "like heals like." This means that a disease can be cured by treating it with products that produce the same symptoms as the disease. These products follow another homeopathic law, the Law of Infinitesimals. In opposition to traditional medicine, the Law of Infinitesimals states that the lower a dose of curative, the more effective it is. To make a homeopathic remedy, the curative is diluted many, many times until only a tiny amount remains in a huge amount of the diluting liquid.

In homeopathic terminology, the effectiveness of remedies is "proved" by experimentation and reports by famous homeopathic practitioners. About 1900, both bee venom and tincture from the entire insect were proved as a remedy by the Central New York State Homeopathic Society.

In homeopathic medicine, Apis is used as a remedy for many symptoms similar to those of bee stings. These include:

- * inflammation with a burning sensation
- * stinging pain
- * itchy skin
- * swollen and sensitive skin
- * red, flushed, hot face
- * hive-like welts on the skin

Homeopathic practitioners use Apis when stinging or burning inflammations appear in all parts of the body, not just on the skin. A homeopath could use Apis for sore throats, mumps, urinary tract infections, and other conditions where there is a stinging or burning sensation.

Symptoms treated by Apis usually appear quite rapidly. There is usually some swelling or edema along with the stinging sensation. Many people who need Apis complain of swollen eyelids, as if they had an eye infection. In keeping with the symptom of oedema, often little urine is produced although there may be a strong urge to urinate. Despite this, the patient has little thirst or desire to drink.

Often the patient who will be given Apis appears flushed or has a rough rash. The rash may appear, then disappear. The skin will be sensitive to the touch and alternatively hot and dry, then sweaty. Patients may also feel nauseated, suffer from heartburn, or have tightness throughout their chest or abdomen that feels like they will burst if they cough or strain.

Certain mental and emotional symptoms also appear in the patient that needs Apis. Sadness, weeping, and depression can occur. Apis is often used after a person experiences a strong emotional reaction such as jealousy, fear, rage, or anger.

In homeopathic medicine, the fact that certain symptoms get better or worse under different conditions is used as a diagnostic tool to indicate what remedy will be most effective. Symptoms that benefit from treatment with Apis get worse by applying warmth or drinking warm liquids. They also get worse from touch or pressure, or when the person is in a closed, heated room. The symptoms are often worse on the right side, after sleeping, and in the late afternoon. Symptoms improve with the application of cold and exposure to open air.

The Apis personality

is said to be fidgety, restless, and unpredictable. People with the Apis personality may have wildly inappropriate reactions to emotional situations. They want company, but reject affection, and sometimes insist that they don't need medical attention when they are clearly unwell. People who need Apis often have bouts of unprovoked jealousy and unprovoked tears. They may fear ill health and death greatly.

Homeopathic and orthodox medical practitioners agree that by the time the initial remedy solution is diluted to strengths used in homeopathic healing, it is likely that very few molecules of the original remedy remain. Homeopaths, however, believe that these remedies continue to work through an effect called "potentization" that has not yet been explained by mainstream scientists.

Precautions

No particular precautions have been noted for using Apis. However, people who are allergic or sensitive to bee venom should be cautious. They may react adversely to certain potencies of homeopathic Apis.

Side effects

When taken in the recommended dilute form, no side effects from Apis have been reported. However, concentrated quantities of the bee venom can cause allergic reactions in susceptible people."

Preparations

There are two homeopathic dilution scales, the decimal (x) scale with a dilution of 1:10 and the centesimal (c) scale with a dilution factor of 1:100. Once the mixture is diluted, shaken, strained, then rediluted many times to reach the desired degree of potency, the final mixture is added to lactose (a type of sugar) tablets or pellets. These are then stored away from light. Homeopathic Apis venom is available commercially in tablets in many different strengths. Dosage depends on the symptoms being treated. Homeopathic tincture of whole honeybee is also available in a variety of strengths."

Apis preparations can also be used for many indications, according to a recent homeopathic report by Schraner, 2007 ⁸², downloadable at <u>www.emindex.ch</u> against:

- Inflammation diseases of eyes, ears, respiration organs,
- Diseases of digestions organs, bladder, kidney
- Skin diseases, allergies, acne, abscesses
- Scarlet and German measles, diphtheria,
- Glandular and genital diseases
- Heart and blood circulation diseases
- Psychiatric diseases

The Russian experience

Treatments of many other diseases reviewed in different Russian monographs ^{51, 52, 59, 81}, see tables 3 and 5. The Russian doctor Ludyanski has summarised his experience of the application of BV in a big Russian hospital ¹⁸

Table 6: Apitherapy of different disea	ses with BV in a Russian	hospital after Ludvanski ⁶⁰

Disease	Very good success	Good success	No change
Polyarthritis	77	18	15
Ostheochodrosis (orthopedic disease)	1542	352	116
Bronchial asthma	38	17	10
Hypertension	18	9	18
Multiple sclerosis	103	72	35
Post stroke paralysis	196	10	31
Polyneuritis	22	9	6
Ganglion nerve inflammation	11	4	1
Cerebellar ataxy (muscular disfunction)	12	7	2
Syringomyelia (pain of extremeties, headache)	140	31	11
Inflammation of facial nerve	128	6	1
Myopathy (neuromuscular disease)	54	8	16
Trigeminal neuralgia	16	7	2
Post-traumatic inflammation of the plexus nerve	206	46	21
Arachinoid inflammation (a CNS membrane)	275	20	20

Bee venom and cosmetics



Bee venom has been claimed to be the new Botox. This claim has a new prominent support in the name of Camilla Parker-Bowles, Duchess of Cornwall and wife of Prince Charles (see below) Honey bee venom is used cosmetically to 'fool' the skin into thinking it has been lightly stung with the toxin melittin. This causes the body to direct blood towards the area and stimulates the production of the naturally-occurring chemicals collagen and elastin. Collagen strengthens body tissue while elastin is the protein that helps the skin to remain taut and bounce back into shape after being pressed or pinched. The venom also has the effect of relaxing the muscles, it is claimed

The antiaging Heaven BV mask should be used as follows: Apply BV mask to cleansed skin, leave for 20 minutes then wash off, thereafter daily use massage a small amount onto the skin morning or evening or apply a thin layer under make-up for a flawless finison.

A Skin sensitization study of BV was carried in guinea pigs and rats which showed that that BV was well tolerated and exhibited no dermal irritation potential in guinea pigs and rats. The findings may provide a developmental basis of BV for a cosmetic ingredient or external application for topical uses²⁹

APPLICATIONS AND TREATMENT FORMS

There is a big experience on the use of BV in medicine in Russia^{44, 51, 59}. Ludyanski reviews in his monograph the use of BV, in practically all medical disciplines⁵⁹. However, this work is in Russian and not easily accessible. Khismatullina has summarised the knowledge of Russian apitherapy in her book on Apitherapy⁴⁴.

The therapeutical dose of BV is much lower than the toxic one. Apitherapy with BV should be applied by medical doctors, because of the dangers connected with this treatment (see allergy reactions).

For apitherapy purposes different applications forms have been used:

- Puncture with whole bees: in non specific or in specific points and zones
- The Iorish technique: stings are applied to the outer surface of shoulders and thighs. Number of bees is gradually increased to 10 bees to the 10th day, then take a break of 3-4 days. After the break the number of bees is decreased from 10 to 1 druing 10 days.
- The Kuzmina technique: number of bees is gradually increased to 10 bees to the 10th day, then take a break of 3-4 days. Then the number of bees is increased by 3 in every session (3, 6, 9,12, 15..... 30)
- Micropuncture with the BV stinger
- Injections with pure, sterile BV
- Apipuncture (apitoxinreflexotherapy)
- BV ointments, creams, pills, drops
- Apis homeopathic preparations
- Electrophoresis, phonophoresis

Application of BV components

Two of the principal and biologically active BV components melittin and apamin are commercially available and can be used for therapy instead of the whole BV. Melittin can be combined to a low molecular polysaccharide fucoidan for a reduced toxicity⁶¹

Apipuncture is described in detail by Ludyanski⁵⁹ and in principle also by Yoshimoto⁹⁶, is reviewed by Lee⁵⁵. In China a book by Chen Wei "Chinese Bee Acupuncture" has been published ¹²

The **applied doses** for adults are generally between 0.1-3 mg BV per treatments, the dose depending on the disease, higher doses (until 2-2.5 per treatment) being used in arthritis treatments⁵⁹. In one sting the maximum of about 50 to 100 μ g per are applied, in micropuncture much less BV is applied, depending on the stinging time about 1 to10 μ g can be applied. The lethal dose is about 2.8 mg/kg or 19 stings per kg, for a man of 75 kg meaning about 1400 stings.

COUNTER-INDICATIONS AND ALLERGY

The main counter indication to by therapy is bee venom allergy. Apitherapy should be used only after a by allergy test.

BV therapy is counterindicated under following conditions:

- During acute and chronic infections
- After vaccinations
- Chronic tuberculosis and hepatitis
- Acute cancer
- Children under 5 years old
- Pregnancy, breast feeding
- Type 1 pancreatic diabetes
- Renal insufficiency, hepatic failure, impaired cardiac functions and respiratory problems

REACTIONS TO BEE STINGS AND BEE VENOM ALLERGY

The most outstanding biological effect of bee venom the painful inflammation, caused by the bee sting. What should be done after a bee sting? Normally, "only" strong swelling is caused at the point of stinging. A threatening toxic reaction can be caused after more than 50 stings (for children) and more than 100-500 for grown-ups. In this case the patients should be hospitalised.

A bee sting in a normal person

(Fotos and comment from Wikipedia, the free encyclopaedia, October 2009)



The stinger is torn off and left in the skin



6 minutes later, after the sting has been removed



2 minutes later



27 minutes later

Dangerous stings at the area of the eyes and mouth.

Stings in the area of the eyes, the temple are always dangerous because of the strong pain and swelling and require an immediate medical help. As an immediate measure the eye should be rinsed with cold water until the pain eases.

Stings on the tongue or the pharynx are especially dangerous. Because of the rapid swelling of the mucous membrane there is an acute life threat by suffocation. Only the emergency medical doctor can help. Until he comes the patient should suck a piece of ice or should consume ice-cold drinks to prevent the spreading of



A sting in the eye area

Stings in the area of the eyes, the temple are always dangerous because of the strong pain and swelling and require immediate medical help. As an immediate measure the eye should be rinsed with cold water until the pain eases.

Photo courtesy U. Mueller.

Help after a bee sting

Removal of sting: When a human is stung by a bee, the sting with the sting apparatus remains stuck in the skin. *First the stung should be removed as soon as possible*, for that purpose in should be pushed away from the side with the finger nail. Be aware that pressing the sting with both fingers will cause emptying of the bee venom into the tissue.

Cooling: Afterwards the stung area should cooled by means of cold compress with acid water (1 part of vinegar and 2 parts of water), ice cubes, cold spray or alcohol. Also, application of onion strips or propolis tincture can help. Apply an anti-allergic gel if available.

Doctor's visit: If the swelling and pains increase and/or if a read strip under the skin persists one day after the sting, a doctor should be called. Normally, these troubles diminish 1-3 day after the sting.

after Mueller⁶⁶⁻⁶⁸ Emergency aid for persons allergic to bee venom

- Take prescribed tablets immediately after bee sting, by
- **Prepare adrenalin self-injectible ampoule** (e.g. EpiPen ®), if a general reaction like redness, selling, shivering., vomiting, nausea, shortage of breath, arise, and apply it immediately (intramuscularly or subcutaneously)
- **Call the emergency doctor** after the slightest symptoms of a general reaction, to avoid complications, which can, in the extreme case, be lethal.
- Lay the shocked patient, warmly covered, on a flat surface. If a heart- or breath stop occurs, a moth to mouth breathing and a heart massage should be performed by trained persons until the arravial of the emergency doctors, who will perform all other necessary measures.

after Mueller⁶⁶⁻⁶⁸

Bee stings and bee venom allergy

This topic has been recently reviewed by Mueller in 2010. Bee stings are especially dangerous for allergic people. According to different studies 1 to 5 % of the people world wide are allergic to bees or other insects like wasps and hornets⁶⁵ but a 2012 review on the subject states that the numbers are higher, upto 25 % of the population, while aphylalaxys is about 3.5 %⁷⁶

There are different grades of allergic reactions and in the worst case a bee sting can lead to death. In Switzerland, one person dies every year after a sting of a bee or a wasp⁸⁰. Beekeepers are specially exposed to bee stings. The development of a bee venom allergy is less probable if they are stung more often. Beekeepers with more than 200 annual stings will never develop a BV allergy⁶⁶

There are two types of allergic reactions: a heavy local reaction and a general allergic reaction.

Heavy local reaction:

After a sting the redness does not remain local, but expands over the extremities. The swellings can be very painful and can persist for a longer period of time.

General reaction

The first symptoms arise a few minutes after the sting. They can be accompanied by shivering, vomiting, nausea, shortage of breath. The main symptoms are redness, swelling and itching. They can be accompanied by strong swelling of the face. In the worst case a life endangering collapse of blood circulation can occur – the anaphylactic shock.

All persons, allergic to BV should possess first help medication kit, composed with the help of the doctor (see box). If the reaction to a bee sting does not fade away rapidly, an emergency doctor should be called. As the symptoms of a heavy allergic reaction can arise within minutes, a medication with rapid effect should be applied immediately (see box).

Desensitisation

Persons with bee venom allergy can be desensitised. The success of the desensitisation against bee venom is about 80 %, while that against wasp venom allergy is approx. 95 $\%^{77}$.

Muenstedt et al. (2010) showed that beekeepers can be successfully desensitized and can continue their activity after desensitization, a complete absence of symptoms after re-exposure to bee stings can be achieved⁶⁹

Three to five years are necessary for a secure and durable desensitisation. A desensitisation is absolutely recommended. Compared to other bee venom allergic persons beekeepers had a better desensitisation success. Older allergic persons are especially endangered towards bee stings and should absolutely be desensitised²⁰. Specially prepared BV is used for desensitation⁹⁰

Further Reading:

BV propeties and apitherapy ^{4, 6, 7, 7, 19, 51, 55, 59, 66, 70, 83, 87, 91}

Desensitisation 65-68

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