

A

Read the text and choose the best answer.

Animals and plants are becoming extinct day by day at a greater (1) than ever before. People are cutting down forests and this (2) to dramatic changes in the climate. There should be more (3) to work for conservation. In order to protect species in danger, people should examine wild places carefully and (4) the animals and plants. Another aspect of conservation is to increase the number of laws which (5) the extinction of endangered species. There should also be more programmes for reproduction. This may lead to the (6) of national parks and protected areas. Today, there are internationally (7) wildlife protection areas worldwide. Another precaution may be to (8) the threats of extinction by educating people. We shouldn't forget that the problem of endangered species is global and we should leave a better world to our children.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1- a) amount | b) rate | c) proportion | d) grade |
| 2- a) leads | b) guides | c) show | d) influences |
| 3- a) arrangement | b) federations | c) organizations | d) companies |
| 4- a) identify | b) pick up | c) distinguish | d) find out |
| 5- a) forbid | b) discourage | c) ban | d) prevent |
| 6- a) invention | b) establishment | c) institution | d) organization |
| 7- a) recalled | b) allowed | c) discovered | d) recognized |
| 8- a) publicize | b) promote | c) report | d) announce |

B

Complete using the correct form of the words in capitals.

Nowadays, more and more people are becoming aware of the (1) situation threatening their environment and gaining consciousness about it. At last, we have started to take precautions for the world's natural (2) which are decreasing day by day. The most important step taken is re-using materials – in other words, recycling. It has become more (3) that we reduce waste which pollutes the environment. Recycling paper has been the biggest (4) Paper can be used six times over, then be burnt for the (5) of energy. Plastic is the hardest material to recycle because there are (6) kinds which need to be treated (7) Metal is another material. The production of an aluminium can is more difficult than (8) it. Glass can be used again in a (9) of asphalt and cement to pave streets. As a result, we should think for a while before we throw things away as they may still be (10)

DANGER

SOURCE

IMPORTANCE

SUCCEED

PRODUCE

VARY

DIFFERENCE

CYCLE

MIX

USE

C

Match the words (1-10) with their definitions (a-j).

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. industry | a) the process of being gradually destroyed by rain, wind and the sea |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. erosion | b) including the whole world |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3. to deplete | c) to kill an animal, especially for food |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4. flood | d) a form of energy coming from nuclear reactions which is harmful to living things |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5. global | e) the process of making air, water and soil dangerously dirty |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 6. radiation | f) to reduce the amount of sth that is available |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 7. pollution | g) the act or process of destroying something |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 8. destruction | h) containing poison or caused by poisonous substances |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 9. toxic | i) a very large amount of water that covers an area that is usually dry |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10. to slaughter | j) the production of goods especially in factories |



Rewrite the sentences using the words in parentheses.

1. We can help the environment by recycling, but most people ignore it. **(although)**
.....
2. Every time we go to the country, we enjoy watching wildlife. **(whenever)**
.....
3. Some aerosols have been banned because they harm the ecosystem. **(in order not to)**
.....
4. Many species of wildlife may become extinct yet some organizations try hard to protect them.
(however)
.....
5. People chopped down the rainforests to cut timber and make land for their plantations. **(so as to)**
.....
6. We may ban cars from the city centres on certain days and as a result we can prevent pollution.
(so that)
.....
7. Everywhere in the world, there are organizations that work for the benefit of our planet.
(wherever)
.....
8. She provides grants for the endangered species because she wants to protect them. **(so as to)**
.....
9. Although there is international pressure for not using nets, in some countries fishermen still go on using them. **(despite)**
.....
10. Even though light and noise are disturbing Caretta caretas, more and more hotels are being built in their environment. **(in spite of)**
.....



Complete the sentences using the Present Perfect, Present Perfect Continuous, Future (will / going to) or Future Perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.

1. The population of the rare mountain gorilla (increase) in the last few years largely so the government (open) the area for the tourism industry.
2. About 30 years later, the Pacific Ocean (rise) to a dangerous level.
3. The leaking chemicals (spread) over the surrounding area by the time officials take measures.
4. Marine pollution (kill) large numbers of plants and animals unless some strict precautions are taken.
5. I read in a magazine that a car which runs on water and petrol (design). There is no doubt that thousands of people (drive) this environmentally friendly car.
6. The villagers (organize) a demonstration against the timber company for some time.
7. A : Have you prepared your project on Caretta caretas yet?
B : No, not yet. But I think I (start) tomorrow.
A : When (you / hand it in)?
B : Next week. I (collect) some photographs of Caretta caretas in the afternoon.
A : I have got some documents on them. I (give) them to you if you want.
B : Thanks. That (be) great!