



Section 1: Motion in two dimensions

Exercise level 1

- 1. The position vector of a particle at time t is given by $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3t+1 \\ 2-t \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (i) Find the velocity of the particle.
 - (ii) Find the acceleration of the particle.
- 2. A particle is initially at rest at the origin. It experiences a variable acceleration given by $\mathbf{a} = (3t + 2)\mathbf{i} + (2t^2 - 5)\mathbf{j}$.
 - (i) Find an expression for the velocity of the particle at time t.
 - (ii) Find an expression for the position of the particle at time t.
- 3. A particle moves with a velocity given by $\mathbf{v} = 2t\mathbf{i} + (3t^2 4t)\mathbf{j} \text{ ms}^{-1}$.
 - (i) Given that at time t = 2 s, the particle is at position $7\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$, find an expression for the position of the particle at time t.
 - (ii) Find the position of the particle after 5 s.
- 4. In this question take g to be 10 ms⁻².

A ball is fired from a point on level ground with velocity $\mathbf{u} = 15\mathbf{i} + 20\mathbf{j}$.

- (i) Write in terms of **i** and **j** the velocity vector and the position vector of the ball after t seconds.
- (ii) Find the time at which the ball will be moving in a direction of 45° to the horizontal.
- (iii) Find the time at which the ball returns to the ground.
- 5. In this question take g to be 10 ms⁻²

A boy fires a stone from the top of a tower 10 m high using a catapult. The initial velocity of the ball is 12i.

- (i) Write in terms of i and j expressions for the velocity and displacement of the stone at time t seconds after projection.
- (ii) How far horizontally from the base of the tower does the stone land?
- 6. At time t the position vector of particle P is given by $\mathbf{r} = 8t^3\mathbf{i} + t^4\mathbf{j}$. Find its velocity and acceleration after 2 seconds.
- 7. Particle P has velocity vector \mathbf{v} , where $\mathbf{v} = 2t\mathbf{i} + 3t^2\mathbf{j}$, at time t seconds. Initially the position vector of P is given by $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$. Find the position vector of P at time t.

